MISSISKOUI STANDARD

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To whom all Communications must be addressed; and if by mail, post paid.

POETRY.

THE WRECKER BOY.

What ails thee, little wrecker boy? Why dost thou seem so sad? Are not the winds and waves thy joy! Can they not make thee glad? Look out upon the swelling sea—
The billows, how they rise—
See how in furious revelry,
They lash the lofty skies.

I am a little, little lad, But crime is on my heart;

Teel it here and must be sad,
'Till guilt and I can part.
I'm little—but for years I've stood
On this deceitful shore,
And torrents seen of human blood
Into you ocean pour.

I grieve to think that these young hands, These tiny hands of mine, Have built false fires upon the sands, And lifted up the sign That lured the vessel for relief

From dangers of the sea,
To dash upon the dismal reef,
A shattered wreck to be!

I've seen the sailors from the wave Come dripping, O the guilt!
I've seen the wretch who calls me slave

Drive daggers to the hilt In their defenceless breasts; and gore, From quivering hearts, has rolled And all—and all for gold.

And wilt thou ask what ails me new

Wilt ask why I am sad? There's woe upon my morning brow Enough to drive me mad!

The message from the gloomy grave,
Thus gladly do I greet;
Farewell!—this hour the salt sea wave— Shall be my winding sheet.' J. N. M.

THE HEROIC DAUGHTER

When the French revolution first began to desolate the homes of France, and drag its victims from the circle of affection and crowd the scaffolds, D'Azinval fled ably increased the difficulty attendant on from his country. A moment he paused as the love of country burned within him, & stranger for explanation. The yound addressed a few words to his guide, which while he contemplated the altars of France

the affections of the parent, and to with-

anxiety, the safety of his darling charge, pervaded his soul. The companionship of the precious pledge of early love and former happiness gave an elasticity to his step, an energy to his conduct, that would have been unknown to him as a lonely fugitive; but embarked upon the broad bo- stranger departed. som of the ocean, in proportion as her security became certain, some recollections and regret arose; the wind and the waters poured itself forth on that unfortunate and the clear sky, spoke of no foes to the child of France, who had been thus unexhappiness and innocence of his child, but pectedly thrown under his protection. He they left him leisure to re-create the past, saw with delight the natural consequences and to anticipate the future. He turned of two beings so young, so beautiful as to the land of his fathers, the cradle of his hopes and the grave of his happiness, and now first felt himself an emigrant.

had determined him to make choice of St. when the world was yet young, and equal Domingo, When its craggy rocks first worth and mutual affection formed the only struck his view, he gazed on it as a vast bonds of union. If Adele had been before dungeon, and those rough outworks with a creature of happiness and heauty, she which nature had fenced it appeared the was much more so now, when every charm barriers of hope. Not so to the light and was heightened under the influence of the buoyant heart of Adele, who wearied with most powerful stimulant the human heart her voyage longed to tread again on Terra acknowledges. From the first she had firma; certain in all the confidence of young united with her father in all the kindly existence and unchecked expectation, of offices of hospitality, as a stranger, as an eclipse, even when her sensibility was most

onfined to particular places, but are com-

supplied the expensive luxuries, while her warm, more undivided. lively spirits and happy temper pervaded sunshine and music to the soul. D'Azinval felt that the indulgence of sorrow was ingratitude to Heaven: and though the

destiny of France threw a shadow on his child, more pure than he had ever dared

to hope for this world.

Their little habitation, seated on the gentle declivity of a mountain, was at once sheltered and embellished by all that nature so abundantly yields in this rich and fertile island. The golden orange and the fragiant citron gratified the senses with their sweetness, odour, and beauty-while the oak, the elm, the pine, and numerous other trees, rose majestically around the remote precincts of their cottage. Its access was a terrestrial paradise; D'Azinval had employed his time in forming it to his own and Adele's taste; fountains supplied from springs of purest water, every where shook their loosened silver in the sun, and gave a delicious coolness to the scene. in the midst of which the beautiful Adele. like another Eve, would often spread a sweet repast of fruit. All that could preserve the memory of France was carefully studied, yet mixed with much of the wild and picturesque beauty of luxuriant nature. This combination was no where more remarkable than in Adele herself, whose dark and abundant tresses were unusually intertwined with fresh flowers, in the almost endless variety which taste, or the whim of the moment, might suggest.

It was a rich sunset, and Adele was standing by her father with a tame bird perched upon her finger, the pecking beak of which he had been regaling, when their attention was attracted by the approach of an Indian, who led towards them a European youth...young and beautiful, he came 'like Morning led by Night.' D'Azinval rose to meet them, & Adele stepped back, sheltering as she did so, her little fluttering

favourite in her bosom.

The Indian, who spoke a little broken French, addressed D'Azinval with a vehemence of voice and gesture that considerunderstanding him, & he turned to the young overthrown, her laws outraged and her children masacred; while the myriads of athe- language, he stated that he was the only ism desolated the sceptre of her power, and survivor of an unfortunate refuge family filled her high places. But, alas! for his country, he felt it vain to raise his arm; it hospitality, in whose hut a malignant fever bad carried off his last remaining relatives, and tord new down destruction on his head, but could not avert it one moment from her's. The demon of discord, like the hot blat of the same disorders that the Indian was an act of mercy. her's. The demon of discord, like the hot blast of the sirrocco, withered her virtue and invaded her strength; and hostile as it was to his nature, he saw it was the local property of the same disorder; that the Indian was meeting no support, she sunk more exhaustances continued to their dangeon. The tears of hope, of gratitude, of admiration, sprung into all eyes as the previous and her forced spirits meeting no support, she sunk more exhaustances continued to their dangeon. The tears of hope, of gratitude, of admiration, sprung into all eyes as the previous and her forced spirits meeting no support, she sunk more exhaustances continued to their dangeon. The tears of hope, of gratitude, of admiration, sprung into all eyes as the previous and her father's brow a tie that weakened the love of country; strength should be restored, of providing heard him with emotion! those fears appeared to her unreal, at least remote; and scenes of terror was the first motive of his of a brother, and bade him welcome. Cu- ening on, as undreaded by the love-sick returned, and, having sought her out, bal partook of some refreshment, but could girl as they were unexpected. In their early progress, one engrossing not be persuaded to accept of any thing The fears of D'Azinval were but too D'Azinval, he called him 'le bon blanc,' confinement. and with an act of reverence to Adele, as

All the hoarded love of country that had silently accumulated in D'Azinval's heart tact, and he smiled on their young aud in nocent loves, as we may imagine did the The possession of property in the island patriarchs of old on those of their children, her father's home the theatre of her exer- paid her sweet charity with all he had to rying her face in her cloak, she sunk into fortitude, and even with cheerfulness. which surrounds him.

the finesse of society, would have crept ing and re-passing where she sat. in; pomp and pageantry would frequently The mid-day sun was riding high in the had been the idol of a crowd with scarce prison doors again called every though

was to blend the destinies of the young the universe, and stifling her emotion, follovers; and the blush of modest joy was lowed. on the cheek of Adele as she listened to Revolutionary executioners had grown the raptures of her future husband, while weary of the task of despatching their vicpaused and liscened: again some invisible by a discharge of musketry. All was ar being called upon him. He answered the ranged—the condemned stood together ... drew a few paces to converse with him; while others looked up to heaven, for mer-

then returning to his mistress, he said ... Let me attend you to the house, Adele alarmed, my love, my stay will not be The signal was on the commandant's lips,

But why must you go? Why, Louis,

must you go?' 'You do not know him, or I should not fear to tell you. Cubal, the generous Cubal, my life, Adele!'

strength should be restored, of providing heard him with emotion! those fears ap- white, and almost as cold. benefactor, the generous Indian. D'Azin- the absent Lorraine continued to engross tail the closing scene, During the time val listened to the youth with the warmth her thoughts. Alas I other ills were hast. Adele was clinging to her father, Lorraine

more: he pressed the young Lorraine to true, for a party of French dragoons came his heart, and bade him farewell in his galloping to his mansion, and made him lock, and all was festivity and joy. own expressive language: then, turning to prisoner, and departed to the place of his

guised in male attire, she followed the steps

of D'Azinval. near, and perchance bring him timely aid. lot to receive. Animated by the light of the torches, rest of her unsuitable attire.

The felicity of a purer sphere than this the prison. Suddenly arousing herself from the bed of sickness, the exquisite delicacy in the enjoyments of the present. The just and omnipotent Being, give me thine querulousness they will bear with complaand he sometimes doubted whether the port inspired the radiance of hope in her ready to perform, demand from us every meridian of Paris, or his villa in its envi- heart, and she sat collecting her thoughts return of attachment, kindness and gratisafe a sanctuary. The interest of politics, and unnoticing, though crowds kept pass-

have displaced social enjoyment, and care- heavens-twelve hours of unremitted and less case: Adele, instead of being the ar- unrefreshed fatigue had been passed, when bitress of one happy and devoted heart, the creaking of the hinges of the heavy ly a heart among them; and, in drawing to her father. She saw the guard issue these contrasts D'Azinval felt that retire- forth. All the pomp of military parade ment, illuminated by enlightened minds, was there. She drew her cap close down and enlivened and endeared by domestic upon her face, and her cloak closer about ties, was the true sphere of human hap- her form, and mingled in the crowd which had begun to intercept her view. Her But as nothing in this world is perfect, heart beat almost to suffocation, as a few so neither is there any thing parmanent, paces whence she stood, she beheld her and the felicity of the three happiest beings father pass, followed by a crowd of prisonthe earth had ever held was destined to ers. She heard the word of command, she experience an eclipse when it was in its saw them marshalled to the place of exemeridian lustre. The day was fixed that cution; again she called upon the God of

they strolled through the sweetest scenes tims one by one, and on the present occailluminated by the brightest moonlight. sion the prisoners were assembled in a Suddenly Lorraine heard his name. He crowd, in order to be destroyed at once call, telling the stranger to come forth; men upon the threshold of eternity. Some an Indian appeared. Bidding her not to closed their eyes, as though to shut out be alarmed, Louis left Adele, and with the dreadful view of the gulf before them;

The muskets were levelled not a breath was to be heard twas the awful -I must leave you immediately. Be not silence which preceded the signal of death. when suddenly a shriek was heard, & Adele, from whose head the cap bad fallen, leaving her tresses free to float upon the wind, was seen to rush into the arms of her parent; and the piercing agony in which she is dying, and desires to see me. He saved exclaimed, 'My father!' as she sunk upon his bosom, thrilled even to the hearts of Heaven bless him for that?' cried she, the surrounding multitude. A pause still clasping her hands. 'Go, Louis! How more awful, still more touching, followed, selfish I am to stay you...but—'she hesisted between shame and love—'you will hasten back the moment that you can.' They parted and Adele now really felt ed with the flood of feelings that rushed how dear to her heart, how necessary to upon him. There appeared no time to save her happiness, was Lorraine. The many terrors that crowded in her breast, the tedium of the hours, all told her the extent mandant stopped the intended fire. Heart

It will require but a few words to de-They all repaired to the villa of D'Azinval -Lorraine and Adele were joined in wed-

THE FEMALE SEX .- Whether the fe-At that moment a thought came to her male mind be capable of those eagle flights to a being of a brighter sphere, the dusky mind, which she hastened to accomplish; into the regions of philosophy and science, and, ere many minutes had elapsed, dis- which a Bacon and a Newton took, is a question scarcely worth the trouble of debating. A thousand instances have already She followed at a distance; it was neith- been produced, by various writers, to diser her purpose, nor was it in her power to prove the mental inferiority of females, while free and unknown she might hover cultivation than it has usually been their

but the satin slipper, suited to the light man in their moral feelings and affections, himself, but the very first in that it is incumbent on our government to be been been tally discussed, although Courier, of the Met lust, of the Station.

tions. Her taste, elegance, and ingenuity give; and never was there a heart more a recess of a building against which she In infancy they they nourish us—in old leaned and which commanded a view of age they cherish and console us....and, on the whole sphere of domestic management with a harmony and lustre which were lost without a murmur, the fretting richest charms of nature, the purest sweets aid!' Fortitude instantly renewed her cency, and the many little and perseverof domestic life, blessed his home of exile, broken spirit; a confidence in divine sup- ing charities which they are at all times the expanding charms and virtues of his rons, would have afforded so sweet and and resting her shaking frame, unnoticed tude, which it is in our power to confer. ilization; they are characteristic of the sex, and proudly distinguish it in every quarter of the globe. This is that excellent beauty which nature gives to women, in ample recompence for inferior deprivation; this is that beauty which indeed turns the edge of the sword, and makes the spear fall pointless. Every traveller through inhospitable wilds and pathless deserts confirms the grateful testimony of Ledyard, to the compassion, and sympathy, and tenderness of woman, and authorizes us to estimate the degree of civilization, in any country, by the degree of respect & kindness which the female sex receives.

> Dr. Morse, of Elizabethtown, N. J., had several winter mornings, discovered that much of his wood had disappeared during the night. He therefore set up one night to watch, to detect the marauder. About midnight, he saw one of his neighbors come to his pile, shoulder a large log, and bear it off. The Doctor immediately followed nim at a distance with another load. The neighbor came to his own door, threw down his log-when the Doctor also threw down his load on the top of it, exclaiming, There, d-n you, there's small wood to burn with your log!'

A Doctor in Scotland was employed by a poor man to attend to his wife who was dangerously ill. The Doctor gave a hint that he had fears of not being paid. ! I have five pounds,' says the man to the Doctor, and if you kill or cure you shall have it.' The woman died under the doctor's hands, and after a reasonable time he called for his five pounds. The man asked the doctor if he killed his wife?' 'No!' Did you cure her?' 'No!' 'Then," said the poor man, 'you have no legal de-

A lady, a few evenings ago, after having for some time attentively read Mrs. Shelly's novel, entitled 'The Last Man,' threw down the book and emphatically exclaimed, The Last Man! Bless me! if such a thing ever were to happen, what would become of the women?'

On a lady's entering the assembly room at York, Sterne asked her name: he was told it was Mrs. Hobson; on which he said, 'he had often heard of Hobson's choice, but he never saw it before.

it was to his nature, he saw it was the part of wisdom to postrate himself like the and having heard by chance of the vicinity and having heard by t part of wisdom to postrate immself like the land of Monsieur D'Azinval, the had persuaded occupied the mind of D'Azinval, that he was pronounced. All were moved but anticipate our own happiness, and eat our traveller in the desert, till its fury had of Monsieur D'Azinval, the had persuaded occupied the mind of D'Azinval, that he desires which we raised about them, and they vanish into nothing. But the things which are above are so great, so solid, so durable, so glorious, that we cannot raise our thoughts to an equal height with them. We cannot enlarge our desires beyond a probability of satisfaction. Onr hearts are greater than the world, but God is greater than our hearts, and the happiness which He hath laid up for us is like himself, incomprehensibly great and glorious. Let the thoughts of this raise us above this world, and inspire us with greater thoughts and designs than the care and perplexity of this life.

AN EXTRACT .- Could we draw back overtake him. A discovery might end in and it is universally acknowledged that the covering of the tomb...could we see her committal to a separate prison, but their minds are capable of infinitely higher what those are now, who once were mortalOh! how would it surprise and grieve us to behold the prodigious transformation But whatever we say of their rank in that has taken place on every individualwhich the foremost of them carried, those the scale of mere intellect, surely there can grieve us to see the dishonor done to our delicate feet, hitherto known to little else be no doubt of their pre-eminence above nature in general, within these subterraneous lodgments-here the sweet and windance and the light steps with which she and in the vigor, courage and fortitude ning smile, grins horribly-a naked ghasttrod her little rural rambles, were incased arising out of these, which is the true test, ly grin I The eye that outshone the diain a pair of boots belonging to a young do- and genuine essence of merit. The thous- mond's lustre, and glanced its lovely lightmestic; her glossy tresses, rarely encum- and instances of their heroic conduct dur- ning into the most guarded heart-alas! bered with more than a chaplet of flow- ing the French revolution, have settled where is it? Where shall we find the ers, were tucked under a foraging cap, this fact forever. Months after months rolling sparkler? How are all those ra-while a cloak of Lorraine's concealed the have they been known to secrete individu- diant glories totally eclipsed! The tongue als, when the discovery of their conceal-that once commanded all the charms of Insensible to frtigue, she pursued her ment would have been inevitable and im- harmony, and all the powers of eloquence, way; all the courage of her sex, which mediate death. Were a friend naked, they in this strange land hath forgot its cunning. meeting happiness every where, her joyous invalid, Louis Loriaine had caned upon the strains of melody, and brilliant nature was never long under her pity; her sweet song, & sweeter smile, her pity; her sweeter smile, her pity; her sweet song, & sweeter smile, her pity; her sweet song, & sweeter smile, her pity; her her pity; her sweet song, & sweeter sinte, that calls it forth, strung her nerves, nor were he sick, they visited him; and, when which ravished our ears? Where the flow were ever ready to chase sorrow and described that can be did one feminine emotion sicken her heart all efforts were unavailing for his delivers of persuasion which carried captive our touched with the apparent melancholy of her father.

Established on the island, Adele made

touched with the apparent melancholy of pondence from his soul.....while her gentie and one femaline choices were unavaning for his deliver, and till she beheld the prison gate close, and soul their own courage to meet death with the glow and vigour of health, and Louis the father from her eyes. Then but the glow and vigour of health, and Louis the father from her close, she sunk into fortitude and over with absorbance which carried captive our ance, often did they infuse into his sinking judgments? The great master of language and of song is become silent as the night From the New York Albion, July 7.

in the jail of Montreal at liberty and extended pardon to the rebels generally, both which may be fully relied on:... within and without the province. This is what his Lordship calls 'justice to the guilty.'

The documents published in another column will explain the matter and extent of the amnesty. It will be seen.

1. That Wolfred Nelson, R. S. M. Bouchette, and six other notorious rebels taken in arms, are to be transported-not first dinner in our gaol on that day. Numto Botany Bay but to Bermuda; and there bers have been brought in since on their only to such restraints as may be needful to prevent their return to the pro- formation. Government must now forget

and Coto, Mr. O'Callaghan, T. S. Brown noted rebel, Dr. Wilson, who was pardonand some dozen others enumerated, and ed here last winter, and who fled to Buffawho have fled to the United States, are lo, crossed over hither, was at the Short forbidden to enter the province under pain Hills with the villains collected there, made of death, unless by permission of the Gov- prisoner in Norwich by two officers of our ernor in Chief-and which permission it Sheriff, and again rescued in the woods by is made lawful for him to give on receiving his own party, when the officers were fired such security for their future good be, on and their horses shot. This candidate haviour as he (the Governor) shall think for three yards of hemp was brought in

and Chartrand, shall be reserved for tri. stagger the loyalty of the brave hearts al, one of whom has already made his es-

4. That all others not included in and daring energy. the above three classes are to be pardoned; whether they be within or without the pro- numbers of rebels are in arms in the woods,

Such is his Lordship's Amnesty ... it is as sweeping as Schedules A and B of the checking further reasonable movements, as move out of town, but await any attack the reform bill has been in silencing demands they may dare to make here. for further reform.

It is divine to forgive, but therey should not in all cases usurp the seat of justice. What is there in the respective cases of those criminals that entitles them to such wholesale clemency? Does his Lordship suppose that it will be effectual in extinguishing the embers of rebellion? If so he was never more mistaken. Does he ima gine that the act will be set down to the score of magnanimity? If so, he is equally mistaken-for it will be ascribed to fear, as we have heard it done a dozen times already.

His Lordship we are given to understand, enjoys unlimited authority from the Queen to do all such manner of things as he may deem fit while in North America. Let us suppose then that it was politic, in the estimation of non party men to dispense with all punishment whatever has his Lordship taken the proper and most judicious mode of carrying such policy into effect? We say no! And we say moreover, that the merit of the clemency is extinguished in the ungracious mode employed for effecting it. Transferring Wolfred Nelson, Bouchette, and their fellow conspirators to the contigous and beautiful islands of Bermuda, shall prevent them from returning to Lowdon, and doubtless intended as such. Why then let the process assume a form which is technically penal? They suffer the disgrace of being thought convicts, while prac-tically their punishment is scarcely nomi The government suffers the disadvantage of seeming to punish while it obtains the province, feel particularly bound, as no security or guarantee against a repetition well on the score of the local consequence

tending pardon generally, why not grant it mitted to his charge. at once?...It is as safe to do so at Quebec as at Bermuda .- Why does not his lordship-lib presented to his Excellency, with an invierate them on parole? Or rather, why did he tation to visit this county. not say to them, 'Gentlemen, you have acknowledged your guilt, pledge me your word draw up an Address, founded upon these of honor, that you will not again disturb the Resolutions, and the following gentlemen public peace, I will set you at large, and appointed to present it: restore you to the bosoms of your families.' Now this would have been an act of grace and favour it would have roused their burn, R. Wright, J. F. Taylor, R. Austin, better feelings, and attached them to his J. Smith, D. Moor, M. Eddy, and J. H. person at least, and would have given a Day, Esqs .- Mont. Gaz. lustre to the crown of his youthful Sovereign. Nor would the loyal party have been ly as their fellow subjects, and such a plan ment, will leave this day in the William would have been attended with as much IV. for Kingston. Seventeen of them are safety and security as the one adopted sentenced to three years' hard labor in the Earl by the Queen, for the purpose of buying back the lost affections of her people,
has been uselessly frittered away. We
certainly thought his lordship knew the

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In the server are not f feelings and emotions of the human heart the remainder will be more severe. Two selves. As far as we are concerned, the in the neighborhood of Nelsonville, as are you will probably hear from me again. better, and he should know how to perform were discharged yesterday, pardoned.

a generous action. The same leniency.

By G. Edmonston, Grandson of the late copinion of his Excellency, if an opinion he has expressed, will be regarded with single copinion of his expressed, will be regarded with single copinion reclaim one.

point to Lord Durham's Ordinance and proclamation, when it will suddenly appear that his lordship is not only a 'symplect that the ravages committed by this insect, here we have a some length, but here we shall be supported by the superiority of democracy to freedom. We are, of necessity, compellation to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. We are, of necessity, compellation to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. We are sorry to learn that his lordship is not only a 'symple to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. We are sorry to learn that his lordship is not only a 'symple to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. We are sorry to learn that his lordship is not only a 'symple to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. We are sorry to learn that his lordship is not only a 'symple to the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. The whole the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. The whole the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. The whole the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority of democracy to freedom. The whole the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the subject at some length, but here we shall be superiority to find the

UPPER CANADA.

in the London District, the statements in

London, 9.h July, 1838. Dear Col The rebels & invading patal withstanding they boasted publicly that they would dine here on the 4th. They have, however, in some measure been enabled, by our assistance, to redeem their pledge, as thirty prisoners from the Western frontier, all taken in arms, took their mot to be treated as felons, but subject way to join the invaders, from whom or some of whom, we have got valuable inits leniency. Mercy cannot longer be ex-2. That Mr. Papineau, Drs. Nelson, ercised at the expense of justice. The here last night, and is safe in the cells, and That the murderers of Lieut. Weir should he be again set at liberty, it will round here, who have a second time saved the country from rebellion by promptitude

Do not suppose the country is yet quiet; between this and St. Clair, of whom the Indians and Militia are in pursuit.

Col Maitland, in a Council of his Officers, has determined that the 32d shall not

Since writing the above, I have seen some accounts from the St. Clair frontier, which state that the rebels nave been crossing in the night time, robbing singles on this side, and carrying off the goods. not this a horrid state to live in? Yours, &c.

We find from the Bytown Gazette, that, on the 19th instant, a numerous and respectable meeting was held at the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, for the purpose of presenting a congratulatory Address to his Excellency the Earl of Durham, and at which the following resolutions were agreed to ...

1. That the character of his Excellency the Earl of Durham, and his arrival in this Province invested with the offices of Governor General and High Commissioner, afford ground to hope, that remedies of a decided and effectual nature are about to be applied to the political evils of the country, and that the distractions under which it has so long suffered, may be materially lessoned, or altogether determined.

2. That in order to promote the great objects of his Lordship's mission, it is the duty of all, to extend to him a frank and there to be subject only to such restraint as sincere welcome-to aid him in his inquiries and public measures, and carefully to er Canada without leave...is a virtual par- abstain from adding in any manner to the difficulties attendant upon the just discharge of his important functions.

3. That the inhabitants of the County of Ottawa, occupying the banks of one of the largest rivers in North America, and sup plying nearly all the timber exported from for expressing their sense of what is due to If the period has already arrived for ex- his Excellency and the great interests com-

4. That a congratulatory Address be

A committee was then appointed to

Day, T. Brigham, C. Symes, J. Black-

pointed to execute them...have only to hus, employed their whole time in preach- that in its success lies their only hope for at his residence.

Our worthy friend, the postmaster at has been received by George Arthur from many of the facts connected with the sep- inquests have been returned upon persons Lord Durham has done what it was suspected he would do...set all the prisoners in the Lorden District. The steament of the Lorden District the steament in the Lorden District. The steament is in the Lorden District.

yer, shows a great preference to the gov- publication. riots have not visited our town yet, not- ernment of a Queen. After the reading of the despatch, he delivered a lengthened tianity on the religious and social state of dition of the United States, that their conthe Indians. The following is the part of stitution, 'the concentration of the wisdom the Chief's speech which relates to Lord of ages, 'the world's last hope,' is in a Glenelg's despatch;

My Brothers and Young Men,

'We have often petitioned our Great Father, and made our wants known to him, himself, to Van Buren'- lowest Sovereign, but he did not hear us....he did not attend the spirit of selfishness overcomes the sense to our wants.-But at last we have sent of shame. We use only the words of our words to our Great Mother the Queen ... and now you see how soon she has sent out this Despatch to her Lieutenant Gov. markable, although peculation and swindernor to attend to our wants. What is the ling even, on the part of public officers are reason of this? I don't know any other universally known, there is not courage eason, but because the Mother loves the in the people to bring them to account. children better than the Father. Now we have a Queen instead of a King; and a Mother is more ready to hear the cries and o relieve the wants of the children.

mations were almost deafening.

newspaper published in Upper Canada under the direction of the Methodist Episco- present enormous amount? Can Jonathan the letter of a correspondent of that paper, & as the government, or to speak more corand furnishes a fine answer to the silly at- rectly, the public offices, falls more and tempt of the 'patriot papers,' to blow the case on Lount and his fellow rebel & murderer into material for sympathy. The must be increased. The children will thus truth is, and there is very little use or be visited with the fit punishment of their sense in endeavoring to change its com- fathers' crimes. plexion, the whole of these Canadian re- There are among them men who see bels, were simply rebels, and must have expected as they certainly deserved, to be hanged if they were taken. The miserable tiality and extravagance, but they are pow-creature M. Lenzie must feel like a wretch erless to check them. They also see the as he is, in such statements as this that many faults inherent in their form of govis, he would so feel, if his tribe knew erument, and propose to correct them by how to feel. We understand that the im-pudent miscreant has been publishing very pathetic appeals to the public for the fam- atten of the abuses, and one of the very ly of Lount. Let him look at Lount's own faults in the constitution. These men are opinion of him, as communicated on the becoming daily sensible, that a limited eve of ignominious death, to a christian monarchy is the best form of government decent American citizen in the face.'... New York Gazette.

Here follows the extract from the letter of a Correspondent of the Christian Guar- A broken reed. dian relating some particulars of the last hours of Lount and Mathews, in which they acknowledged the justice of their sentence .- Patriot.

MISSISKOUI STANDARD.

FRELIGHSBURG, JULY 31, 1838.

tegrity of the empire.

the Montreal papers, that his Excellency ficer. Houses in its favor.

it is understood, appeared in evidence to the course we have laid down for ourselves, grant acquittances for the same.

It is evident to all who know the confair way of being blown up like a Mississippi Steamboat. Public virtue seems to have entirely decayed. From Van Buren American writers. And what is very re-The 'spirit of '76,' like most other ghosts, has fled before an 'enlightened' mob. A nation that threw off the paternal rule of The above was heartily responded to by a British monarch, on account of an insig-all the Indians in Council. Their accla-nificant tax, has become the most heavily taxed of any on the globe. What length of time would have elapsed, before the tax- ants of the county are now pretty gener-We make the following extract from the ation of the United States, had they con-Guardian, a most respectable religious tinued as colonies, would have reached its pal Church of that Province. It is from tell? He has paid dear for his whistle; Upper Mills; that, in fact, Missiskoui was more into the hands of the loafers, taxation

the wickedness of the Executive, its par-

of the Union will prevail against them.

We are requested to notify such persons thus let it remain till next week, when

We cannot after this, with any fairness, induce the Executive to extend pardon to If the efforts that are now making, fail to At the same time we beg to say that we complain of the Vermont Grand Juries, and these men. About a third of the above bring about a re-union, we shall at least are certain the Captain will send us with other 'sympathisers' this side of the lines.

The American Government, when remonstrated with by the British functionaries for some six or seven years, and like Bidthe laxity of American laws, and those ap- well and Duncombe and others of the ge- important object, and to convince them and find it most convenient to receive it

Claims of the Indians .- A despatch frequently mooted in the Townships. For During the week no less than seventeen isfactory to the Indians, as well as to the re-unite them, we shall draw freely upon of the unfortunate victims were foreigners. Christian Guardian, the representative of a series of excellent articles, by the Editor who have just arrived in this country, and the Wesleyans. The Indian Chief Saw- of the Montreal Gazette, now in course of who had drunk imprudently, af er being exposed to the rays of a scorching sun.

To the Editor of the Missiskoui Standard.

SIR, -I have perused with much satisfaction your appeals to the loyal militia and volunteers, entreating them to retain their arms. I think, Sir, that if you had known the exertions that had to be used, and the difficulties to be overcome, before the arms could be procured at first, you might have given a detail of the circumstances with great advantage; and if the militia generally had known those things, they would have thought twice before they gave up their arms. I do not pretend to be intimately acquainted with all the circumstances, but what I do know, I am willing to communicate, and I think that it is right to communicate them for the information of the public at large.

I will go back to the unfortunate events of last fall, only so far as to make the following remarks complete. The inhabitally agreed that there was the greatest distrust of this county at head quarters ever since the radical meetings at Stanbridge regarded as a disaffected county, notwithstanding that it has always been one of the most loyal,

It had neither accepted nor rejected the invitation of the Five Counties, to unite with them in the contemplated rebellion, and no move of any public nature whatsoever was made to disabuse the authorities of the opinion they had been led to form. After the riot in Montreal, and the rescue of the prisoners at Longueuil, it was evis dent, that matters were ripening towards a struggle between the loyal and the rebella ious. In view of this, Colonel Jones, who knew as well as any man the loyalty of the county, sent a circular to the captains of his Battalion, desiring them to ascertain friend and minister. And here is this same for securing the peace and inverty of its who among their men were ready to peril United States, urging the country to go subjects, but they will have to use other life and property in defence of the Queen's to war with Great Britain, and abusing the arms than the ballot box to bring about its lawful Government. About the time of Government and every body else who will establishment. The grand fact stares them the battle of St. Charles, I have undernot join with him in his impudence. We in the face, that property and life are at stood that returns had been made to the to be hanged, but if there is little chance the mercy of local mobs; justice itself, Colonel by all the loyal Captains; (for there of it on this side the line, there is no where it is administered, is administered are some in the county who do not partidoubt that he ought to be kicked from the by the sufferance of the mob, and yet to cipate in the feelings of their men,) and sidewalk as often as he presumes to look a that mob, speaking through the ballot box, that the Colonel immediately enclosed them these men propose to leave the regenera- through the usual channel, the Adjutant tion of a monarchical form of government. General of Militia, to the Earl of Gosford, pledging himself for the loyalty of the men, They place great dependence on secur- and requesting arms. This communication ing the election of a Whig candidate for reached the Earl, at the time when those President, but, notwi thatanding the unpops scandalous stories were rife of his Lordship ularity of Martin Van Buren, we strongly having become terrified at the alarming suspect that the democracy, the fanaticism posture of affairs, and of his having given himself up to drunkenness. Whether there was any truth in the rumour of his Lord-Ten of the Magistrates of Sandwich have ship's habitual diunkenness, I know not ; In the Montreal papers it is stated on issued a proclamation ordering all subjects if it was true, it could not justify him in muda is not difficult, and to prevent the despising the loyal spirit of Missiskoui, by culprits from corresponding with their ad- freedom from all revolutionary taint, to General made no allusion whatever to any mitted to land upon or leave the British neglecting even to acknowledge receipt of herents upon this Continent is next to im- avail themselves of the earliest opportunity legislative union of the North American side of the rivers Detroit and St. Clair, or the letter and returns. I am rather inclinations and statement of the letter and returns. colonies. We are heartily glad to find it to cross the waters of the Western District, ed to think, that, as his Lordship's adminso, for we believe that such a messure coming from or going to the United States istration was conducted solely on little would not only be carried in opposition territory, unless he shall give a full account views of spite and partiality, he was resolvto the wishes of the individual colonies, of himself and shew that he is engaged in ed to pay no attention to Colonel Jones's but would of itself be destructive of the in- his lawful business; the person is to be fur- request, because his course had been pretty nished with a passport by a magistrate, freely condemned by the electors of the We are given to understand by one of militia commissioned officer, or a Peace of- county. However this may be, the letter was never answered. But in order to Hon. Peter M Gill, T. Wright, C. D. has expressed himself against a re-union of It also orders peace officers and others make sure of leaving no means untried to the Canadas. We do not consider the subjects of her Majesty, on all parts of the procure arms, the Colonel, at the same time statement by any means official, nor the coast of the Western District, to seize and that he wrote the Adjutant General adtruth of it probable, because we believe his bring to Sandwich or Amherstburg, all dressed also a similar request to the Com-Excellency to be more cautious, than pro- boats, canoes and other craft except ferry- munder of the Forces. Immediately on Thirty four of the State Prisoners nounce a hasty judgment on a question that boats, in order that the same may be put unless content, for they are, we can assure who have confessed their guilt, and thrown it is still in suspense, especially after the der military guards; the intercourse between it would be very desirable that a portion of his lordship, as capable of feeling generous themselves on the mercy of the Govern- deliberate opinion of the Upper Canada the United States and the Province being Colonel Jones's battalion should be armed, now entirely limited to the regular ferries; but expressed his apprehensions that there We have entered upon the discussion of and no person is to pass or repass without might be difficulty in forwarding arms at The good effects of the pardon, we repeat, is lost by the manner of giving it, and the term they are bound to expatriate them. no other means will be followed by the This proclamation is to continue in force large stock of clemency entrusted to the selves for ever. The other seventeen are home Government, to make this colony until the pleasure of the executive be country swarming with enemies open and

Thus stood the affair at that date, and

Yesterday, as a man, engaged in blasting a large stone at the corner of St. Urban & Lagauchetiere Streets, was endeavoring to discover the cause of failure in the method employed, an unexpected explosion took place, from which he sustained severe injury, and is since reported to be dead Morn. Courier.

plained of throughout the whole District lists, bearing any reference to the affairs A gentleman left at our office yesterday, a of the British Colonies, is the following :... from one kernel, in the whole of which we nifying the State of Maine for expenses in. similar to those which previously took place struction that they will not reap enough for tish authorities of New Brunswick. next year's seed, from fields apparently loaded with one of the finest crops ever seen. The barley has not altogether escaped in some places .- Ib.

dertaken to put these engines into operation before any others, for the N. York line. There is, therefore no doubt that the above spirited company will be the first to establish, with a line of suitable packets, a regular steam communication with America, and their arrangements are so far advanced next year, they will be able to fulfil the intentions expressed in their prospectus, (published nearly three years ago,) of sailing their packets from Liverpool and London, to New York alternately, on the 1st and 16th of each month.

Royal William' Steam-ship .- Lieut. Swainson, R. N., to whom the city of Dublin Company have confided their steam ship, the Royal William, for her intended voyage to New York, comes favorably recommended to the notice of the public, by his com-mand of several ships out of Liverpool, of which town he is a native. Capt. Swainhence became familiar with the port of his him off the disputed territory. present destination.- He was subsequently employed off Long Island and Sandy Hook, (New York) in his Majesty's ship Dragon. Captain [now admiral] Sir Robert Barrie, C. B. Since the termination of the war, Captain Swainson has been engaged in the command of several vessels from Liverpool to the East Indies.

The Capture of five slave vessels The Bermuda Gazette of the 29th of May contains a notice of the arrival at Hamilton of her Majesty's ship Pearl, commanded by Lord Paget, having in charge two slave vessels captured by the Pearl, toward the close of April—one was the brig Diligent captured after a chase of sixteen hours. She had on board four hundred and eighty alaves, besides a crew of forty five menforty of the poor slaves had died on the passage. The other was the Opposition, and was captured the same day. She had, however, previously landed her slaves on the south side of Cuba.

Another slaver, the brig Camoons, with five hundred and eighty slaves, had been captured by the British armed schooner Sappho.
The schooner Benjamin Gaither, Cono-

ver, arrived last evening from Chagres, reports that of the 23d of May, when off Ponce, P. R. fell in with & was boarded by H. B. M. brig Snake reported that she had captured two slave vessels which were bound had been for several days under discussion. for the Hayanna., the Matilda & Arrogant.

eign Relations, on the subject of the North Eastern Boundary.

Resolved, That after a careful examination and deliberate consideration of the rently fallen together to the ground. whole controversy between the United States and Great Britain relative to the los was at Tolosa on the 7th June, He North Eastern Boundary of the former, had inspected the Andoian line accompathe Senate does not entertain a doubt of the entire practicability with the siloulations of the definitive treaty of peace of on the 6th at Pampeluna with sixteen seventen hundred and eighty-three; and battalions, five hundred cavalry, and some entertain a perfect conviction of the justice artillery. On being apprized of the move-and validity of the title of the United ment the Carlist forces which had crossed States to the full extent of all the territo- the Arga, had hastened into the Ulzema ry in dispute between the two powers.

more than half a century has elapsed since of Valcarlos. the conclusion of that traty; considering the extraordinary delay which has hitherto marked the negotiations and proceedings nesday;of the Government of the two countries, in their endeavour amicably to settle the controversy; and considering the danger of mutual irritation and collissions upon the border of kindred and frendly nations from further procrastination, the Senate cannot forbear to express an earnest desire that the pending negotiations hould be brought to a close, and the final decision of the dis-

pute be made as early as practicable: Resolved, That as it would be inexper dient for the United States to proceed, that the French Government have seized upon their seperate authority, to survey and mark the North Eastern boundary, on their way to or from Don Carlos's head untill all reasonable means of effecting that quarters. One is Tristany, the Cartalan object by the consent and concurrence of both parties shalf have been exhausted, the led the first Carlist expedition into Castile. Eastern Boundary Line of the United The Sentinelle des Pyrenees of the 9th, has a postscript, according to which, on States according to the treaty of seventeen the 4th, Alaix had an encounter with some hundred and eighty-three' ought not to Carlist battalions under Sanz, who had pass; and it is therefore ordered that it be crossed the Arga, when the latter were

stool of wheat containing seventy-one heads A provision has been made for indem- bon to the 5th June. Some disturbances,

contracted with Mr. Fawcett & Co. for a the two countries. These despatches are pair of engines 78 inches diameter of cylin- dated the 15th April. The minister pro-

It was lately stated, on the authority of a Boston paper, that Dr. Holmes, of the State of Maine, had been encroaching on the disputed territory, on the North Eastern boundary, and had been very unceremoniously ordered off the ground by the for building additional vessels, that there is every reason to suppose, in the course of Boston Mercantile Journal, that Dr. Holmes denies the truth of the report. On the contrary, he stated that during an accidental interview with Mr. M'Lauchlan, the warden he was treated with the utmost politeness and urbanity; and that he was nformed by the Warden that the Lieutenant Governmenor of New Brunsiwck had given orders to the authorities of Madawaska, to give the doctor every facility in the prosecution of his Mission, which was an agricultual survey of the valley of the Aroostook. It was understood, however, that Mr. M'Laughlan was in search of the Surveyor General of Maine, who was lotson was for many years, during the late ting out two Townships on the banks of war, employed on the American coast, and the Aroostook, with the view of ordering ting out two Townships on the banks of

> The brigantine John Dougall arrived in port on 4th inst, from Lake Erie, we are told she is to be laid up at Kingston for the present, owing to the great risk there exists in navigating the lakes, especially Lake Erie. The John Dougall was chased by to piratical schooners, on her trip down, but owing to her superior sailing, she soon left them far behind Prescott Sentinel.

It seems that the 'Sympathizers' have at last received a check in the Courts of Justice of the United States. The New York Express of Thursday last contains the

following notice from the Detroit Post:-First conviction of a Patriot in the United States Mr. John S. Yreeland has had his trial for violating the neutrality of the United States, been found guilty, and was yesterday sentenced by Hon. Judge Wilkins to one year's imprisonment, and \$1,000 fine. Our reporter has furnished us with a full report of the trial, which we shall endeavor to give in our next, with the charge of his honor to the Jury.'

We have received intelligence from Ma. drid, dated the 6th June, from which we learn that the cabinet had obtained a majority in the cortes upon a question which The collection of the whole of the tithes had been sanctioned in principle by 93 to Resolutions introduced into the Senate by
Mr. Buchanan from a Committee on fore erally expected that the corte would be shortly prorogued to the month of October. The loan projects, recently so much talked of both at Paris and Madrid, have appa-

We learn from Bayonne that Don Carvalley, with a view of opposing such opera-Resolved, further, That, considering that tions as he might attempt in the direction

> The following telegraphic dispatch appears in the Paris official journal of Wed-

Narbonne, June 12 .- They write from Valencia on the 2d, that Ornaa has now with him 20,000 men of whom 1500 are cavalry. He is collecting provisions and stores at Alcaniz and Toruel. Cabrera, who has 1,500 men, is doing the same at Morella. At Tarragona on the 7th the Baron de Meer had several persons arrested, and disarmed part of the National Guards.

It would appear by the Bayonne prints two distinguished Carlist chiefs, who were laid upon the table.'-[Courier and Enquis compelled to retreat beyond the stream Another Christino triumph is mentioned in the Constitutionel's correspondence from The Congress of the United States adjourned on the 9th instant, and the New York als Leon and Mendez Vigo have fought a papers contain lists of the Acts to which sanguinary action at Villa Ayrche with the the President had affixed his signature. Carlists under Guergue and Carmona in The only measure which we find on those which the latter have been defeated.

We have received intelligence from Liescarcely saw one not eaten up by the fly. curred in consequence of the imprisonment at Mifrs, had broken out at Chaves, Ponte de Some farmers say that so great is the de- of Messrs. Greely and Baker, by the Bri- Lima Amarante and several other places. At Ponte de Lima, the row was between the charterists & Septembrists; &, after some Texas & England .- The Texas Tele- bruisings the latter were enabled to sing vicgraph of June 9th, states that despatches tory. In all instances that have hitherto ocfrom the Texian Minister in Ingland, had curred the rioters have made the name of been received at the department of state Don Miguel, their watchword, a fact which, that by attention and accommodations he shall Atlantic Steam Navigation. —We under the important fact that a come affording a tolerably plain index of the state receive a share of public patronage.

WM. HICKOK. derstand that the British and American mercial treaty had been made, by which of feeling amongst the provincial popula-Steam Navigation Company, owners of the that Government has consented to permit tion towards the existing government and splendid steam ship British Queen, have the establishment of a direct trade between dynasty, gives a character of importance to these petty outbreaks, which they otherwise would not possess. Manol Antonio de der, and seven feet stroke, for their second ceeded immediately to France, and [says Carvallo yet retains the finance office, but steam ship, to be called the President, a the Telegraph] under present circumstan- continues to grumble and persists in his vessel of 1800 tons measurement, building ces, we have little doubt the recognition of declaration that he is determined not to expressly for the Liverpool and New York our independence by this nation will be hold it much longer. The Portuguese gov-trade, and that the manufacturers have un-readily effected -N. Y. Gazette. ernment, it is said, have, at last, agreed to sign the slave treaty.

Germany. The railroad from Vienna towards the north is finished as far as Wagram, and the influx of passengers is so great that it is necessary to secure places three or even four days in advance. A short time since a train ran the distance of five German miles or eight leagues and and three quarters of France in thirty eight minutes. The Emperor has made an excursion on the road; the whole time of his Majesty being on it, in going to and returning from Wagram, was only forty nine minutes. Six hundred men are empolyed in completing the road from Wagram to Laddemburg, and ten thousand from that town to Prunn. The French league we believe is about two and a half English miles.

In St. Armand East, on the 25th inst. Ellen, daughter of Benjamin Rt. Dunning, in the 3d year of her age.

In St. Armand East, on Monday morning the 30th iustant, Mariette, daughter of Captain Benjamin Reynolds, in her 14th year.

Notice.



CAME into the enclosure of the subscriber, on Thursday last the 26th instant a light Bay Mare. Said Mare

both fore feet are white, and is about 6 or 7 years old. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take her away.
RICHARD CHADSEY.

St Armand East, July 30, 1828

Notice

This may certify that I have given my son EWEL CHAMBERS his time and liberty to transact business for himself, shall claim none of his wages, or pay any debts of his contracting after this date.

Sutton, July 21st, 1838.

For Sale,

Y the subscriber, for cash, a few barrels of first rate PORK, by the barrel or pound.
WALTER FARNHAM.
St. Armand, July 24, 1838.

WANTED. OR 12 Tons of Good

H. M. CHANDLER. Frelighsburg, 24th July 1838.

Beware!

HE subscriber having lost the two notes of hand following, viz:....one dated the 10th Nov. 1835 for £4 10 Cy. drawn by Philip Ruiter, in favor of George Gardner, due ten days after date; and the other dated 10 Nov. 1835, for £2 10 Cy. drawn also by Philip Ruiter, in favor of George Gardner, due on the 1st January, 1836, and both indorsed to the subscriber; therefore warns all persons against purchasing or negocia-

Nelsonville, Dunham, 9th July, 1838.

New Goods.

HE subscribers having removed from Cooks-ville to Missiskoui Bay, have just received a good supply of SPRING & SUMMER

Goods; which, together with their former stock, makes

their assortment complete.

Most kinds of produce will be received in exchange for Goods.

A. & H. ROBERTS. Missiskoni Bay, July 16, 1838.

Notice.

HE Subscriber is deslrous of purchasing 100 GOOD STORE HOGS.

for which he will pay Cash and a liberal price if delivered to him at Bedford during this month P. H. MOORE.
Bedford, June 11th, 1838.

Estate of Simon P. Lalanne. The subscriber having been duly appointed Curator for the estate of the late Simon Peter Lalanne, in his life time residing in the village of Frelighsburg, deputy Registrar for the county of Missiskoui, hereby gives notice that all indebted to the deceased, must settle their accounts torthwith, and requests all having claims against him to bring in the same with as little delay as possible.

JAS. MOIR FERRES. 11th May, 1838.

A NEW ESTABLISHMENT.



THE Subscriber has taken the House owned and formerly occupied by the late George Cook, Esq., at Cooksville, (St. Armand,) and fitted it up for the accommodation of Travellers, It is situated three miles West of Frelighsburg, on the direct road from Franklin (Vt,) and adjacent Towns to Montreal; and he flatters himself

Croksville, July 3, 1838.

Freligheburg, 20th June, 1838.

Look At This All persons indebted to me, by note or book count, must make immediate payment, if they wish to save cost.

ANSON KEMP.
St. Armand, 26th June, 1838.

HATS!! Good assortment on hand and for Sale, by J. B. SEYMOUR.

CHURCHVILLE STORE!!!

THE subscriber is now opening and offers for sale a very general and carefully selected assortment of Goods suitable for the season; among which are comprised;—
Dry Goods, Teas,

Tobacco, Rum, Brandy, Wine, H. Gin, Salmon, Dry Cod Fish, Salt, Glass, &



Hardware.

Grass Scythes, Cradling do., Scythe Stones,

Grind Stones, Confectionaries, Almonds, Nutmegs, Loaf Sugar, Raisins, Epsom Salts Sulphur, astor Oil, Camphor, Opium, Paints, Oils, Turpentine, &c. &c. &c.

All which will be disposed of upon such terms for ready pay, as will render it advantageous for the old friends & customers of the Churchvill Store, to make purchases, and they are respecte fully solicited to call and examine quality ogoods and prices...." for the days of Auld Lang

JOHN E. CHURCH. Churchville July 3, 1838.

Notice.

The subscriber has on hand, and intends keepng, for sale a quantity of Cabinet ware & Chairs.

Wm. HICKOK.

Ladd's Patent

The undersigned having been appointed Agent for LADDS PATENT SCALES, begs to recomend them to Merchants and others, for their cheapness and superior structure. He has Patent Potable Scales;

an article admirably adapetd for Merthants' use, being of a convenient size and unquestionable corpromptly executed. W. W. SMITH

Missiskoui Bay, June, 23, I:38.

NEW GOODS

THE subscriber is now receiving a very gen eral assortment of BRITISH & AMER ICAN GOODS, among which are comprised a 50 Chests & half do. Hyson Skin



25 do. do Young Hyson, 10 do. do Souchong,

10 Bags superior Coffee, 10 do. Papper and Spice, 2 Tierces Salaratus,

20 Kegs Tobacco. 10 Boxes Cavendish do. 5 Bbls Paper do,

-ALSO-Benthuson's superior chewing Tobacco

6 Bales Brown Shirting, Batts, Wicking, etc. etc. All of which he oners to tail, at unusually low prices.

W. W. SMITH

June 23, 1838.

Canada Sunday School Union.

THE REV. J. D. MOORE having been appointed AGENT of the CANADA SUNDAY SCHOOL UNION, will shortly visit the churches and Schools throughout Lower Canada; when it is hoped that all who are insterested in the cause of Sabbarn School Instruction will afford him every assistance and encouragement in forwarding the object of his mission, viz: the establishment of a Sabbath School in every destitute settlement, if practican ble, and to strengthen and encourage thuse already formed. Canada Sunday School Union.

HENRY LYMAN, COR. SEC. JOHN C. BECKET, REC. SEC. June 8, 1838,

NEW GOODS.

FOR SALE. VI UNSON & Co. have received and offer for Sale a full atid well selected sapply of Dry Goods; Groceries. Hardware,

DRUGS

Crockery,

Confectionaries, Perfumery, Carrageen, or Irish Moss, Candied, Citron, for Cakes,

A few Lancets, Parasols, &c. &c. They will exchange with pleasure for Casa, Butter, Lumber, &c. &c.
Philipsburg, July 3 Is 38.

New Goods.

THE Subscribers are now exceiving at their Store opposite C. Bowen's H'otel, in Berkshire, Vt., a splendid assortment of New Goods, consisting of

Dry Goods, Wet and Dry Groceries, Crockery,

Glass and Hardware. Cast Steel, Nails, Nail Rods, Drugs and Medicines.

&c. &c. Which, with their former stock, makes a very desirable assortment which they will exchange

Butter, Ashes, Footings, and almost every thing else; even POTATOES in any quantity, if delivered at L. LEAVENS' & Co. Factory next fall or winter. And if any wish to pay CASH we would say to them call and they shall not go away empty.

RUBLEE & BOWEN.

Berkshire, June 1st, 1838.

WOOLLEN HACTOR Y do Such

CARDING, CLOTH DRES-S; ING, AND

MANUFACTURING. The undersigned, tenders his grateful acknow-ledgements to a generous public for pass pate-ronage, and would beg to inform those who have-

WOOL

o Card or manufacture, that his machinery la line the best possible order, and put in operation by experienced workmen, selected from the neighbor-ing factories for their superiority and skill; and issue determined not to be out done in any of the above branches of business, by any of the neighboring Factories, as no pains on cost has been spared toemploy the best and most experienced workmen;
and he hopes to give general satisfaction to those
who will entrust their work to his care.

The following are the terms for which Cloth

will be manufactured from good clean wool:...

Coloured cloths, of all kinds at two shillings.

and six pence per yard—or one half.
Common Grey—two shillings per yard—or one half.
Flannel—one shilling and three pence per yard Prices of Carding and Cloth

Dressing. WOOL will be carded at four cents per pound,

cash down; five the ensuing winter; six at the end of the year.

Fulling and colouring (all colours except Indiso Blue) will be done in the best style for ten pence per yard if paid down; one shilling per yard payable the ensuing winter; one shilling and three pence payable at the end of the year.

Fulling shearing (once) & pressing; five pence payable at the pence per yard payable.

per yard cash down, rix pence per yard payable the ensuing winter, and seven pence half penny per yard if not paid until the end of the year.

Flannels, of all colors, seven pence half pennyper yard, cash down; eight pence per yard payable the ensuing winter; nine pence per yard, payable at the end of the year. Cloth and most. kinds of produce, received in payment. He would inform the proble that he has now a good assort ment of of Cloths on hand, and those that wish to purchase a serviceable article or will exchange wool for cloth, will do well to call and examine both prices and quality.

OMIE LAGRANGE.

St Armand, May 22d 1838.

Watches.

CYLINDER, alarm, repeating & English, French and Swiss watches, just received and for sale at the jewellery shop opposite the Cour House, St. Albans, Vt. by

May, 25th, 1838.

Silven table, desert, tea, cream, salt and mustard spoons, sugar tongs, watch chains, spectacles, ever point pencils, toothpicks, Thimbles; and tape needles just received at the Jewellery Shop, opposite the Court House St. Albans, Vt.

29th May, 1838. Orrosing the Court House, St. Albar s, Ve just received a good as fortmens of Gold Beads, fine and jeweler's gold, F. of Gold both plain and sett; ladies an inger rings, Breast Pins, watch keys and Seals.

C. H. H. And Seals.

29th May, 1838;

H. HUNTY

o pottmile ANGTON would take this opatomers that he y to inform his friends and cuse with a gene has just returned from New York with a gent as a soft near of watches, silver spoons gold best as & jewellers which he offers at reduced prices a his shop opposite the Court House, St.

Eight day brass clocks manufactured and ware ranted correct time keepers. Clocks and watches repaired at short notice and on reasonable terms

The Infant's Dreams.

Oh! cradle me on thy knee, manma,

And sing me the holy strain

That soothed me last, as you fondly prest
My glowing cheek to your soft white breast,

For I saw a scene when I slumbered last, That I fain would see again.

And smile as you then did smile, mamma, And weep as you then did weep;
Then fix on me thy glist'ning eye,
And gaze and gaze till the tear be dry;
Then rock me gently and sing and sigh.
Till you lull me fast asleep.

For I dreamed a heavenly dream, mamma, While slumbering on thy knee,
And I lived in a land where forms divine
In kingdoms of glory eternally shine:
And the world I'd give, if the world were mine, Again that land to see.

I fancied we roamed in a wood, mamma, And we rested us under a bough:
Then near a butterfly flaunted in pride. And I chased it away through the forest wide, And the night came on, and I lost my gaide, And I knew not what to do.

My heart grew sick with fear, mamma,
And I loudly wept for thes;
But a white robed maiden appeared in the air,
And she flung back the curls of her golden hair,
And she kissed me softly ere I was aware,
Saying, 'Come pretty babe with me!

My tears and fears she guiled, mamma, And she led me far away;
We entered the door of the cold dark tomb,
We passed through a long, long vault of gloom:
Then opened our eyes on a land of bloom,
And a sky of endless day.

And heavenly forms were there, mamma, And lovely cheruls bright; They smiled when they saw me, but I was ama-

And wondering around me I gazed and gazed
And songs I heard, and sun beams blazed—
All glorious in the land of light.

But soon came a shining host, mamma, Of white-winged babes to me:
Their eyes looked love and their sweet lips smile

ed, And they marvelled to meet an earth born child, And they gloried that I from earth was exiled, Saying,— Here, love, blest thou shalt be.'

Then I mixed with the heavenly throng, mamma, With cherub and seraphim fair;
And I saw, as I roamed the regions of bliss,
The spirits which came from this world of dis-

And there was the joy no tongue can express,
For they knew no sorrow there. Do you mind when sister Jane Mamma,

Lay dead a short time agone?
Oh! you gazed or the sad but lovely wreck,
With a full flood of woe you could not check,
And your heart was so sore you wished it would
break. But it loved, and you are sobbed on !

But oh! had you been with me, mamma,
In the realms unknown to care,
And seen what I saw, you never had cried:
Tho! they buried pretty Jane in the grave when
she died;
For shining with the blest and adorned like a
bride

Sweet sister Jane was there!

Do you mind of that silly old man, mamma, Who came so late to our door,

And the night was dark and the tempest loud, And his heart was weak, and his soul was proud, And his ragged old mantle served for his shroud Ere the midnight watch was o'er.

And think what a weight of woe, mamma,
Made heavy each long drawn sigh,
As the good man sat on papa's chair,
While the rain dripped down from his thin grey

hair,
As fast as the big tear of speechless care,
Ran down from his glazing eye—

And think what a heavenward look, mamma, Flashed through each trembling tear,
As he told how he went to the baron's strong

hold,
Saying, 'Oh! let me in, for the night is so cold!'
But the tich man cried, 'go sleep in the wood,
For we shield no beggars here.'

Well be was in glory too, mamma, As happy as the blest can be, He needed no alms in the mansion of light, For he sat with the patriarchs clothed in white And there was not a scraph had a crown more

Nor a costlier robe than he. Now sing, for I fain would sleep, mamma, And dream as I dreamed before; For sound was my slumber and sweet was my

rest, While my spirit in the kingdom of life was a guest,
And the heart that has throbbed in the climes of

the blest. Can love this world no more.

THE MYSTERIOUS GUESTS.

About six years ago, two Englishmen one day arrived at Calais in the Dover ters at the hotel of M. Dessein, on which the author of the Sentimental journey bestowed such celebrity, but went to an obscure inn, kept by a man of the name of Du Long. They desired to have his best apartments, spent a great deal of money, formalities of law. On the table was found relished the produce of his wretched kitchen, and thought his adulterated wine per- ... Dear landlord..... If you have any acfectly genuine. From day to day Du Long quaintance with history, you must know supposed they would continue their jour- that the English were once, during a periney, and proceed to the capital; for that od of two hundred and ten years, in posthey had come merely to see Calais, was an idea too absurd to enter any body's head. driven out of it by the Duke of Guise, who But so far from continuing their journey, and proceeding to the capital, they did not Edward III. did the French, that is drove even inspect what was worth seeing at Cashoot snipes, they kept close at home, eating, drinking, and doing nothing. They parchments, deeds that proved that one may be spies, thought the host, 'or runa- of our ancestors formerly possessed at Cahis neighbour and relation the grocer, they obliged to flee, he buried his gold and silused to rack their brains about the myste- ver at the foot of a thick wall which is rious guests. 'They are spies,' said the still in existence. Among his papers were grocer, one of them squints with his left found one which afforded satisfactory ineye; 'A man may squint without being formation respecting the situation of the building. We immediately repaired to Cathem for runaways, for they read all my a spy, rejoined the host. I should take them for runaways, for they read all my newspapers, probably for the sake of advertisements. His kinsman then assured him that Englishmen spend at least a twelfth part of their time in reading newspapers. The conclusion to which they generally came, was, that, as the said foreigners were came, was, that, as the said foreigners were apparently neither spies or runaways, they are the most of the sake of and the empty iron chest, which you will be called for in bis line, which are received directly from the sisting of nearly every article called for in bis line, which are received directly from the sisting of nearly every article called for in bis line, which are received directly from the sisting of nearly every article called for in bis line, which are received directly from the sisting of nearly every article called for the sake of advertisements. ABRAHAM FRELIGH; and luckily found a public house on the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take possesion of our law the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take possesion of our law the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take possesion of our law the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take possesion of our law the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take possesion of our law the spot so interesting to us; we took lody gings in it, examined every thing, and concerted measures to take posses are invited to call and examine be.

The conclusion to which they generally is well known to you. The great hole, and the empty iron chest, which are received directly from the further of the examined every thing, and luckily found at short or call and examine be.

The conclusion to the time of subscription of three mon gapata al successi no bue solice trede se benings)

fools. Here the matter rested. In this proofs that we have been successful. opinion Du Long was still more confirmed, make you a present of the chest, and adwhen, at the end of a few weeks, one of his guests, an elderly man, thus addressed him: 'Landlord, we like your house, and if you will acquiesce in a certain whim, it by were assumed.... Farewell.' The landif you will acquiesce in a certain whim, it by were assumed.... Farewell.' The landis probable that we might continue for a lord of the Golden Elephant stood stock is probable that we might continue for a long time to spend our money with you.' still and with open month. His kinsman the tedious, & unhealthy process of casting type by hands; an inkeeper is by profession, the slave of all the whims that throng to him er, and agreed that the strangers were from all the four quarters of the globe. not such fools as they had taken them You have, to be sure, had a prodigiously for. large beast painted on your sign, but your house is but a fly among inns, it scarcely contains three comfortable rooms, and unfortunately they all look into the street. We are fond of rest; we want to sleep. Your watchman has a very loud voice, and the coaches roll the whole night along the street, so as to make the windows ratile. We wake every quarter of an hour to curse them, and fall asleep again, to be again awaked in another quarter of an hour. You must admit, my dear fellow, that this is enough to destroy our health and ex-haust our patience. The host shrugged his shoulders - 'How can it be helped?' 'Very easily,' replied the stranger; ' if you are not afraid of a little expense, in which we will go halves, without requiring at our departure the smallest compensation.' Du Long, whose barren field had, since the arrival of the Englishmen, been daily fertilized with a shower of guineas, promised to do all in his power to satisfy his guests, but he could not help the rattling of the coaches or the bellowing of the watchman.

'Neither is it necessary,' answered the stranger. 'Behind your house you have a little garden, though you are no lover of gardening, for except a little parsley for your soups, I observe nothing in it but nettles. The old garden wall too in spite of its thickness is just ready to tumble. Suppose you were to make use of this space to run up a little building, a sort of a pleasure house, even if it was to contain no more than a couple of rooms. It might be supported by the old wall, by which means a considerable part of the expense would be saved, and the wall itself would be propped up. As I just now mentioned, for the sake of a quiet lodging, we would willingly defray one half of the costs, and when we are gone the building will be yours; you will then have a couple of conyou.

venient rooms to let. If on the other hand you object to our proposal, we must leave The host however, had not the least objection though he thought within himself.... 'My kinsman & I were right enough in concluding that these people were fools.' He immediately sent for a brick-layer; the place was examined, and the Englishmen described what they should like to have done. Joists and bricks were quickly brought, three light walls were run up,

and the old garden wall formed the fourth, from which sloped a half roof so that the whole looked more like a woodhouse, than a habitation; but the strangers were sat-isfied and Du Long laughed in his sleeve. W. W. Smith, P. M. Philipsburg. Two months thus passed in mutual content: the golden spring flowed abundant- P. Cowan, Nelsonville, Dunham. ly, though the wine grew worse and worse Albert Barney, P. M. Churchville. every day. The two Englishmen very sel-

dom quitted their lodging, where they ate, drank, and read the newspapers. The only thing that surprised the landlord of the Golden Elephant was, that for the sake of nocturnal repose they had built a house for themselves, and that now he very often Henry Boright, Sutton. perceived a light the whole night through Levi A. Coit, Potten. in their apartments. He once conjectured hey might be coiners, but as all the money spent passed through his hands, and their guineas, after a most careful examination, were always found to be good, his kinsman and he had no other alternative than to set them down for fools. One fine day in autumn he saw them go out with their guns slung over their shoulders They told him they were going to take the diversion of spipe shooting, and they took eave of him for three days. The three days passed and so did the fourth, but the strangers did not make their appearance. They did not take up their quar- On the fifth Du Long shook his head on the sixth, his kinsman began to shake his also; on the seventh, this suspicious

circumstance was communicated to the police...and on the eighth the deserted habitation was broken open with all the a billet the contents of it were as follows: session of Calais; that they were at length treated them in the same manner as our them out of the town and seized all their lais for except going out now and then to effects. Not long since, we were so forways, or fools, No matter what is that lais a large house, on the site of which to me? They pay honestly.' When he three houses stand at present; yours is one was sitting on an evening over a pint with of the three. When our ancestor was

could not possibly be any thing else than find under the wall in your chamber, are

HEALTH.-Take precious care of your precious health. Consider it as your best friend, and think as well of it in spite of al! its foibles, as you can. For instance, never dream, though you may have a 'clevhack, of gallopping consumption, or indulge in the Meltonian belief, that you are going the pace. Never fancy, every time you cough, that you are going to cough pot. Hold up, as the shooter says, over the heaviest ground. Despondency, in a nice case, is the overweight that may make you kick the beam and the bucket both at once. In short, as with other cases, never meet trouble half way, but let him have the whole walk for his pains, though it should be a Scotch mile and a bittock. I have even known him to give up his visit in sight of the house. Besides, the best defence against care is a hearty laugh. Let your 'lungs crow like chanticleer, and as like a gamecock as possible. It expands the chest, enlarges the heart, quickens the circulation, and 'like a trumpet makes the spirit dance. - Pennsylvanian,

TERMS.

Ten shillings currency per year, payable at the end of six months. If paid in advance Is. 3d. will be deducted. If delayed to the close of the year 1s. 3d. will be added for every six months delay. Grain and most kinds of produce taken in payment, if made by or before the expiration of the first nine months.

To mail subscribers the postage will be charged in addition. 'No paper discontinued, except at the discretion

of the publishers, until arrears are paid. RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under, two shillings for the first asertion, and 6d. for every subsequent insertion. Above six lines and not exceeding ten, two shillings and nine pence; every subsequent insertion seven pence half penny.

Above ten lines, 3d. per line for the first insertion, and one penny for each subsequent insertion.

A liberal discount to those who advertise by

the year.

Advertisements not otherwise ordered will be inserted till forbid in writing and charged accor-

STANDARD AGENTS,

S. & S. Reid, Stanstead. C. H. Huntington, St. Albans, Vt. Hollis Robinson, Stukely Samuel Maynard, Esq., Dunham, P. H. Moore, P. M., Bedford, Daniel Campbell, Pigeon-hill. Galloway Freligh, Bedford. Abner Potter, Brome. Jacob Cook. P. M. Brome. The P. H. Knowlton, Brome. Whipple Wells, Farnham. Wm. Hickok Cooksville,

> Persons wishing to become Subscribers to the l, will please to leave their names with any of the above Agents, to whom also, or at the office in Frelighsburg, all payments MUST be made.

Spring Goods.

J. KEMP and CO. have received an assold as low as at any store in the County for

Book-Binding

BLANK BOOK MANUFAC-TURING.

HE Subscribers respectfully offer their services to the public in the characteristics vices to the public in the above business. Old books re-bound, pamphlets, periodicals, news papers, &c. &c. bound to order on short notice and on reasonable terms, in a manner not to be beat in this vicinity. Blank Books of every description ruled to pattern and bound to order. All orders sent by mail or otherwise wil

eet with prompt attention.
HUNTINGTON & LYON. College Street, Burlington, Vt.

James Russell,

Blank-Book

Manufacturer, St. Albans,

EEPS constantly for sale, an extensive assortment of School, Classical & Miscellaneous Books and Stationary, con-

TO PRINTERS.

WHITE & W. HAGAR, respectfully inform the printers of the United States, to whom they

The introduction of machinery in the place of

or partner, first successfully accomplished. Extensive use of the machine cast letter has fully tested, and established its superiority in every particular over those cast by the old process.

The letter Foundry will hereafter be carried on by the parties before named under the firm of White, Hagar & Co. Their specimen exhibits a complete series, from Diamond to Sixty-four lines Pica. The book a new type being in the most modern light and style.

White, Hagar & Co., are agents for the sale of Smith and Rust Printing presses, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices.

Smith and Rust Printing presses, which they can furnish their customers at manufacturer's prices. Chases, Cases, Composing Sticks, Ink and every article in the printing business, kept for sale and furnished on short notice. Old type taken in exchange for new at 9 cents per pound.

N. B. Newspaper proprietors who will give the above three insertions, will be entitled to five dollars in such articles as they may select from our specimen. E. WHITE & W. HAGAR.

Tailoring.

The subscriber takes the present opportunity to eturn to his friends and the public, his sincere thanksfor the liberal support he has received for the last ten years; & begs to intimate, that he has removed his establishment to the house lately occupied by Dr. Frary, where he is ready to per-form every kind of work in the line of his busiess, with promptitude.

The subscriber begs also to assure his custom-ers, that he will do his utmost endeavors to continue to deserve the patronage with which he has been favored, by unremitting attention to business

and to the execution of work put into his hands. He will be ready at all times to make up garnents of every description, according to the latest fashions, with despatch and at a cheap rate. Cutting...in all its various branches, as usual

JAMES McCANNA. Frelighsburg, May, 1838.

Land Agent and Accountant. HE undersigned begs to intimate having also commenced the first of the above bran-ches, and respectfully invites individuals having real estate to SELL or LET to place it in his

Believing that satisfactory transfers of real estate can seldom be made without personal inspection, he proposes to act only as a medium, through whom the seller can advertise cheaply and effi-ciently, and the buyer be guided in his choice. In accordance with this view he has opened BOOKS OF REGISTRY,

in which descriptions of property for SALE or to LET in town or throughout the country will be inserted. These will be open to the inspection of Emigrants and others (gratis,) every exertion

The Charge for registering for the first three months will be 10s. when not more than three distinct properties are included in one description; when over that D5 : for succeeding quarters half these amounts. The same in every case payable in advance, and all communications to be post paid. When the parties are not known, satisfactory references as to the correctness of the descriptions will be required.

JAMES COURT, Montreal 21st. August 1837. V2.-20 2 St Joseph Street (near the whaf m



To Emigrants and others in search of Lands for Settlement.

HE BRITISH AMERICAN LAND
COMPANY, incorporated by Royal
Charter and Act of Parliament, offer for
Sale a number of FARMS under good
Cultivation and ready for immediate occupation—
TOWN LOTS, MILLS and MILL SITES,
and WIED LANDS, in portions of any, extent
from 50 Acres upwards.—These Properties are
situate in the District of St. Francis in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, que of the most from 50 Acres upwards.—These Properties are situate in the District of St. Francis in the Eastern Townships of Lower Canada, one of the most flourishing portions of British America. They are held under the Soccage Tenure, direct from the Crown free of all feudal burdens whatsoever. The Eastern Townships are centrically situated, at a distance of from 50 to 80 miles only, from Montreal and Quebec. They are well watered and possessed of excellent Roads. The soil is equal in fertility to that of any part of the Continent. The appearance of the Country is highly picturesque and the Climate is eminently salubrious. Every description of Grain & Root Crops cultivated in Great Britain is found to succeed in this District, amply repaying the labours of its cultivation; and Cattle, Horses and Sheep are raised with great advantage as articles of export to the neighboring great markets.

The Settlement of Victoraia, founded by the Company in 1836, now contains a large and thriving population, principally British Agriculturalists; two Villages with Mills, Stores, Taverns, &c.; and is laid open to the accession of persons of capital and respectability desirous of forming a future independence for themselves and their families.

future independence for themselves and their fam-The Prices of the Company's Lands vary accor-

ding to circumstances, from Five Shillings per Acre and upwards. The Terms of Sale are ac-Acre and upwards. The Terms of Sale are accordingly advantageous, six years being allowed for payment by annual instalments, The Eastern Townships are reached from Quebec, Montreal and Port St. Francis on the St. Lawrence, by direct roads from these places, and from New York via the Hudson River, Lake Champlain, Burlington, and Stanstead.

Application may be addressed to the Commissioners of the Company, at Sherbrooke, Lower Canada.

Canada. Sherbrooke, April, 1838.

Notice.

will HE business in the Factory of the Hon Robert Jones, in the village of Bedford the ensuing season be conducted by Mr

Astray,

SINCE the middle of April, twenty eight fine SHEEP; branded E. J. S., and tails cut close. Whoever will give information to the subscriber concerning the same, will be liberally

DANIEL WESTOVER. Dunham, 2d June, 1838.

A New Work!

On the first of July, 1837, will be published, beautifully printed on good pas per, of an extra large royal size, & neatly stitched in a colored cover, the first num-

ber of a new periodical work entitled

THE GENTLEMAN'S MAGAZINE.

Edited by WILLIAM E. BURTON, To whom all original Communications will be

Addressed. The announcement of a new Periodical, in the present state of affairs, may create some feeling of surprise, but having contemplated an alter-ation in the nature of a very popular mouthly publication, ' Every Body's Albam,' the propricpublication, Every body's Album, the preprictors deem it best to proceed in the perfected arrangements, and produce a periodical embodying the most wholesome points of the old work, but conducted with sufficient energy and talent to ensure the success of their new arrangements. The respectable and extensive subscription list of the Album, to which this work is designed as a successor will at once place the Gentleman's Magazine in a circulation at once equal to that of any other monthly work in the United States, and guarantee the continuance of its publication, with the certainty of payment to the enterprise of the

The contents of the Gentlemen's Magazin will, in every respect be answerable to the meaning of the title. We do not pretend, in our literary pursuits, to fly as 'eagles soar, above the ken of man,' nor shall we be content with merely skimming the surface of the ground ; our pages will not be filled with abstruse predications nor shall we display the brilliancy of our critical acumen in matters ' caviare to the milton.' In short we do not mean to be profoundly learned, nor philosophically dull. We wish to produce a gentlemanly, agreeable book...an epitome of life's adjunctives ... a literary melange, possessing variety to suit all palates and sufficient interest to command a place upon the parlor table of every gen-tleman in the United States.

proprietors.

In the varied and ample page of contents at tached to each number of the Gentleman's Magazine, original articles will be found from some of the most celebrated writers of the day—essays humorous and diadactic ... graphic delineations o men and manners, free and spirited translation of the lighter portions of the Literature of contie nental Europe. A series original biographical notices of the principal stars in the Dramatic hemisphere. The current Literature will be re-vie wed in full, and liberal extracts made from rare and valuable works. An original copy right song, not otherwise to be obtained, will be given, with the music, in every number.

The Gentleman's Magazine will contain seven-

ty-two extra sized octavo pages, of two columns each, forming at the close of the year, two large handsome volumes of one thousand seven hundred and twenty-eight columns, each column containing one-third more than an octavo page of average proportions. Several engravings will be given in the course of the year; and the proprietors pledge themselves that the Gentleman's Magazine shall be THE LARGEST AND THE CHEAP-EST MONTHLY WORK ISSUED IN THE U. STATES.

To induce subscribers to forward their names immediately, the publisher begs leave to offer the following inducements for Clubbing, the advantages of which proposition can remain in force for a few months only. The subscription to the Gontleman's Magazine, will, for a single copy, be invariably three dollars per annum payable in advance...but a five dollar bill will produce two the same direction, or a club of ten dols lars will command five copies.

All letters, postage paid, addressed to Charles

Alexander, Athenian Buildings, Franklin Place, Philadelphia, will meet the earliest atten-

PROSPECTUS.

OF THE RURAL REPOSITORY.

Devoted to Polite Literature, such as Mor

al and sentimental Tales, original Communications, Biography, amusing Miscellany, humerous and historical anecdotes, po-

etry, etc. etc. On Saturday, the 24th of June, 1837, will be issued the first number of the Fourteen Vol-ume (5th New Serious) of the Rural Reposit-

On issuing the proposals for a new volume of On issuing the proposals for a new volume of the Rural Repository, the publisher tenders his most sincer acknowledgements to all contributors, Agents and Subscribers, for the liberal supaport which they have offerded him from the commencement of his publication. New assurances on the part of the publisher of a periodical which has stood the test of years, would seem superfluous, he will therefore only say, that it will be conducted on a similar plan, and published in the same form as heretofore, and no pains or expense shall be spared to promote their gratification by its further improvement in typographical execution and original and selected mater.

CONDITIONS.

The Rural repository will be published every other Saturday, in the Quarto form, and will contain twenty-six numbers of eight pages each, contain twenty-six numbers of eight pages each, with a tit'e page and index to the volume, making in the whole 208 pages. It will be printed in handsome style, on Medium paper of a superior quality, with good type; making, at the end of the year, a neat and tasful volume containing matter equal to one thousand duodecimo pages, which will be both amusing and instructive in future years:

future years:

TERMS.—The fourteenthvolume (Fifth Newsters) will commence on the 24th of June 1838, at the low rate of One Dollar per annum in advance, or One Dallar and Fifty Cents at the exaction of three months from the time of Subscribing Any person who will remit us five